

## Characterization of the Complex of Hepta Sulfur Imide (S<sub>7</sub>NH) with Si (IV) By XRD Pattern

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### Abstract :

The complex of hepta sulfur imide (S<sub>7</sub>NH) with Si(IV) obtained by refluxing S<sub>7</sub>NH with silicon tetra chloride, is found to have triclinic packing of it's unit cell as the values of axial distances and axial angles are found different, viz. (a#b#c) and (α # β # γ # 90<sup>0</sup>); by XRD pattern.

### Introduction :

Demarcay<sup>(1)</sup> in 1880 introduced the chemistry of sulphur-nitrogen compounds which are studied in detail continuously. Bruce, Robert B.; Gillespie, Ronald J.; Slim David R.<sup>(2)</sup> studied the crystal structures of S<sub>7</sub>N.S.N (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and N, N-thiobis (dicyclo hexyl amine). Bruce, Robert B. Stephan, Douglas W.; McGlinchey, Michael J.<sup>(3)</sup> studied the rearrangement of sulfur imide anions. Bergemann<sup>(4)</sup> prepared titanocene complexes containing bridging sulfur-bound medium sized S-N-ring ligands by the reaction of [(n<sup>5</sup>-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub> Ti(CO)<sub>2</sub>] with cyclic sulfur imides S<sub>7</sub>NH and S<sub>7</sub>N – CH<sub>3</sub>. Wang, ChihChieh et al<sup>(5)</sup> studied S<sub>7</sub>NH by XRD to study its charge distribution. XRD crystallograph shows a = 7.842A<sup>0</sup>. b = 13.115A<sup>0</sup> and c= 7.6219A<sup>0</sup> for S<sub>7</sub>NH.

Bergemann, K. and co-workers<sup>6</sup> prepared large sulfur imides  $S_nNH$ ,  $n=8,9,11$  and studied the XRD crystallographs of  $S_8NH$  and  $S_9NH$ . U.K. Tripathi; S.P.S. Jadon<sup>7,8</sup> studied the XRD pattern of complex of  $S_7NH$  with tin (II) and tin (IV). In the present work, XRD-pattern of complex of  $S_7NH$  with silicon (IV) is studied which shows triclinic packing of unit cell of the crystal of the complex of  $S_7NH$  with  $SiCl_4$ .

### Experimental :

During preparation of the complex of the ligand ( $S_7NH$ ) with  $SiCl_4$ , doubly distilled solvent and B.D.H.; Analar; S. Merk chemicals are used. The ligand ( $S_7NH$ ) is prepared by passing ammonia into sulphur mono chloride dissolved in carbon tetrachloride (1:10)<sup>8</sup>. The solution of the ligand ( $S_7NH$ ) in DMF (One gram per fifty milliliters) is mixed with the solution of silicon tetrachloride prepared in DMF (1 gm/10ml). After refluxing both solutions for 24 hours, the solid mass complex of  $SiCl_4$  with  $S_7NH$  obtained is separated, washed and dried in vacuum desiccator.

From X-ray diffraction of the complex (figure-1) recorded in  $2\theta$  range from  $5^\circ$  to  $70^\circ$  (Table-1), the values of axial distances :  $a_o = 10.7614A^\circ$ ,  $b_o = 10.2606A^\circ$  and  $c_o = 3.9493A^\circ$ ; axial angles :  $\alpha = 93.46^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 107.78^\circ$  and  $\gamma = 158.39^\circ$  are in accordance with  $a_o \neq b_o \neq c_o$  and  $\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90^\circ$ .

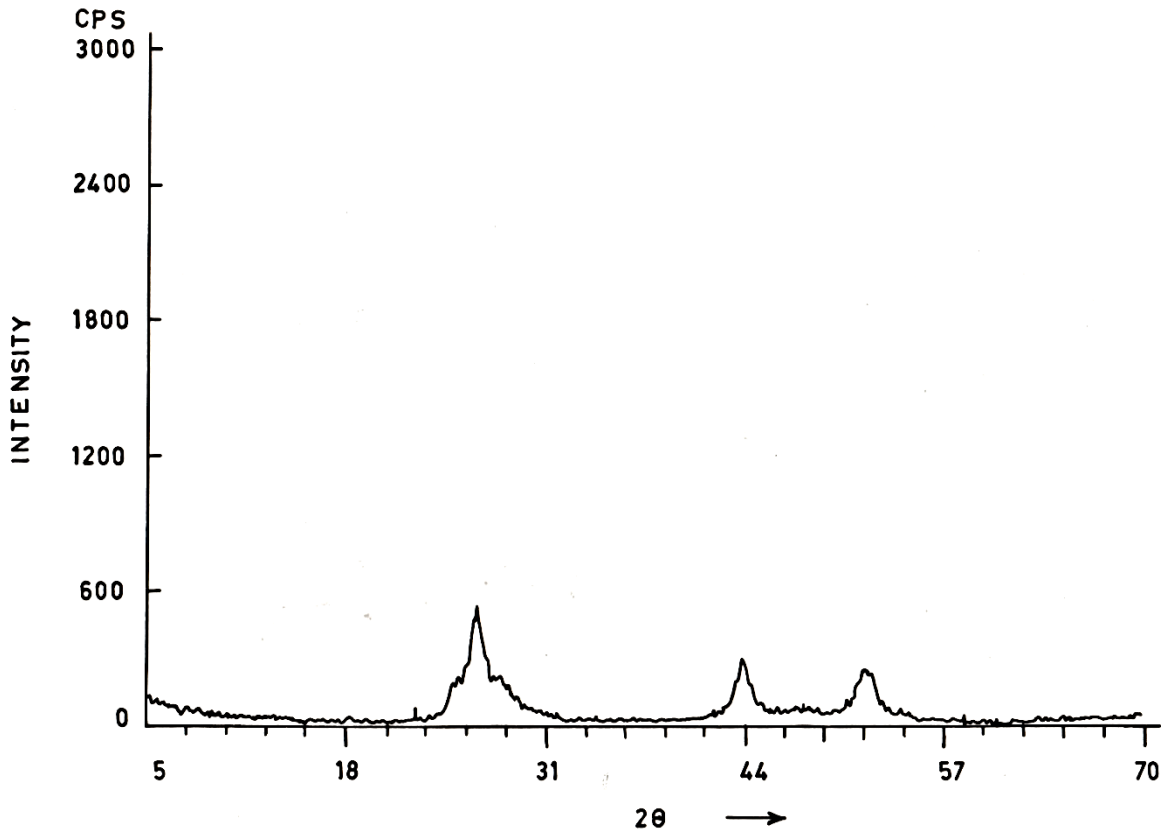


Figure-1 : XRD of the complex of hepta sulfur imide ( $S_7NH$ ) with  $SiCl_4$

**Table -1**XRD Pattern of the complex of S<sub>7</sub>NH with SiCl<sub>4</sub>.

S.No.	2θ	Sin <sup>2</sup> θ	Q (h <sup>2</sup> +k <sup>2</sup> +l <sup>2</sup> )	hkl	d(A <sup>0</sup> )
1	24.84 <sup>0</sup>	0.04626	9(0.0051)	300	3.5813
2	26.12 <sup>0</sup>	0.05106	10(0.0051)	310	3.4086
3	28.04 <sup>0</sup>	0.05869	11(0.0053)	311	3.1794
4	43.4 <sup>0</sup>	0.13671	27(0.0051)	511	2.0832
5	47.24 <sup>0</sup>	0.16054	30(0.0051)	521	1.9225
6	47.88	0.16466	33(0.0050)	522	1.8982
7	48.52	0.16882	34(0.00498)	530	1.8747
8	51.08	0.18588	36(0.00516)	600	1.7865
9	51.72	0.19025	37(0.0051)	6 1 0	1.7660
10	52.36	0.19465	38(0.0051)	6 1 1	1.7458

**Discussion :**

To elucidate the geometrical structure of the complex of hepta sulfur imide (S<sub>7</sub>NH) with silicon tetra chloride (SiCl<sub>4</sub>), it's XRD is interpreted and value of Sin<sup>2</sup>θ, miller indices (hkl) and d (distance between the planes in a crystal) is calculated from which the values of axial distances and axial angles are determined. The values of axial distances found are not equal to each other (a<sub>0</sub> # b<sub>0</sub> # c<sub>0</sub>). Similarly the values of axial angles are in accordance to α # β # γ

#  $90^0$ , inferring that the crystal of the complex of  $S_7NH$  with Si (IV) possess triclinic geometrical structure.

### **Conclusion :**

From the above results of axial distances and axial angles [(a#b#c) and ( $\alpha$  #  $\beta$  #  $\gamma$  #  $90^0$ )], it is clear that the geometry of the crystal of the complex of  $S_7NH$  with  $SiCl_4$  is Triclinic.

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